

Application No. 09/955,905 (Conf. No. 9906)
Reply to Office Action dated July 26, 2005

Docket No. RSW9-2000-0190-US1

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application:

Listing of Claims:

1-2. (Canceled)

3. (Currently Amended) A method for selective routing of a multi-recipient communication from an origin domain to a destination domain of a communications network, said method comprising:

receiving, at an exit routing station of the origin domain, a datagram comprising content data intended for multi-recipient delivery in a destination domain;

modifying the datagram to render it suitable for routing from the origin domain to the destination domain; and

transmitting via the communications network the modified datagram to an entry routing station of the destination domain, the entry routing station being configured to initiate multi-recipient delivery in the destination domain.

~~The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) modifying the datagram comprises the step of:~~

~~(b1)—wrapping the datagram with a wrapper suitable for routing from the origin domain to the destination domain.~~

4-16. (Canceled)

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17. (Currently Amended) A method for selective routing of a multi-recipient communication from an origin domain to a destination domain of a communications network, said method comprising:

receiving at an entry routing station of the destination domain, a datagram configured for routing from the origin domain to the destination domain, the datagram comprising content data intended for multi-recipient delivery in the destination domain;

modifying the datagram to form a reconstructed datagram, the reconstructed datagram being suitable for multi-recipient routing in the destination domain; and

initiating multi-recipient delivery of the reconstructed datagram in the destination domain.

~~The method of claim 12, wherein step (b)~~ modifying the datagram comprises the steps of:

(b1)—removing a wrapper applied to the datagram in the origin domain; and

(b2)—modifying a header of the datagram suitable for routing in the origin domain to create a header suitable for routing in the destination domain.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the wrapper removed in step (b1) comprises an HTTP or RMI header.

19-21. (Canceled)

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22. (Currently Amended) An exit routing station for selective routing of a multi-recipient communication to a destination domain, said exit routing station comprising:

a microprocessor;

a memory operatively connected to said microprocessor;

a telecommunications device operatively connected to said microprocessor and capable of communicating via a communications network;

first instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for receiving a datagram comprising content data intended for multi-recipient delivery in a destination domain;

second instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for modifying the datagram to render it suitable for routing from the origin domain to the destination domain;

third instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for transmitting via the communications network the modified datagram to an entry routing station of the destination domain, the entry routing station being configured to initiate multi-recipient delivery in the destination domain; and

~~The exit routing station of claim 21, further comprising:~~

~~fourth instructions stored in the memory and executable by said microprocessor for retrieving information indicating parameters for delivery to the destination domain.~~

23. (Canceled)

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24. (Currently Amended) An entry routing station for selective routing of a multi-recipient communication received from an origin domain, said entry routing station comprising:

a microprocessor;

a memory operatively connected to said microprocessor;

a telecommunications device operatively connected to said microprocessor and configured to communicate via a communications network;

first instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for receiving a datagram configured for routing from the origin domain to the destination domain, the datagram comprising content data intended for multi-recipient delivery in the destination domain;

second instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for modifying the datagram to form a reconstructed datagram, the reconstructed datagram being suitable for multi-recipient routing in the destination domain;

third instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for initiating multi-recipient delivery of the reconstructed datagram in the destination domain; and

~~The entry routing station of claim 23, further comprising:~~

fourth instructions stored in said memory and executable by said microprocessor for retrieving information indicating parameters for multi-recipient delivery in the destination domain.

25. (Canceled)